Alabama Rivers Alliance * Alliance of Nurses for Healthy Environments * American Rivers **American Sustainable Business Council * Beyond Pesticides * Beyond Toxics** Cahaba River Society * Center for Biological Diversity * Center for Food Safety Clean Water Action * Defend H2O * Defenders of Wildlife * Earthjustice **Endangered Habitats League * Endangered Species Coalition * Environment America Environmental Protection Information Center * Environmental Working Group** Friends of the Earth U.S. * Gulf Restoration Network * Illinois Council of Trout Unlimited Kentucky Waterways Alliance * Klamath Forest Alliance * Laurie M. Tisch Center for Food. Education & Policy, Program in Nutrition * League of Conservation Voters **National Family Farm Coalition * Natural Resources Defense Council** Northwest Center for Alternatives to Pesticides * Ohio Valley Environmental Coalition Oregon Environmental Council * Pacific Coast Federation of Fishermen's Associations Prairie Rivers Network * Pesticide Action Network North America * PolicyLink San Francisco Baykeeper * Save The River / Upper St. Lawrence Riverkeeper Sierra Club * Southern Environmental Law Center The Environmental Justice Leadership Forum on Climate Change * The Good Food Institute Toxic Free NC * Turtle Island Restoration Network * Waterkeeper Alliance **WE ACT for Environmental Justice * WildEarth Guardians**

RE: Oppose H.R. 953 ("Reducing Regulatory Burdens Act of 2017")

May 22, 2017

Dear Representative,

On behalf of our millions of members and supporters nationwide, we urge you to oppose H.R. 953 ("Reducing Regulatory Burdens Act of 2017"). A more apt title for this damaging legislation is the "Poison Our Waters Act" because it would eliminate Clean Water Act safeguards that protect our waterways and communities from excessive pesticide pollution. The Pesticide General Permit targeted in this legislation has been in place for nearly six years now and alarmist predictions by pesticide manufacturers and others about the impacts of this permit have failed to bear any fruit. \(^1\)

This bill is the same legislation that pesticide manufacturers and other special interests have been pushing for years. It has been opposed not only by the Obama Administration² but also more than 150 public health, fishing, and conservation organizations (see attached list). Contrary to earlier claims made by its proponents, this bill will not improve nor impact spraying to combat Zika virus and

¹ See testimony of Ken Kopocis, Deputy Assist. Administrator, Office of Water, U.S. Envtl. Prot. Agency, before the House Transportation and Infrastructure Committee (March 18, 2015): "We have not been made aware of any issues associated with the Pesticide General Permit. Nobody has brought an instance to our attention where somebody has not been able to apply a pesticide in a timely manner . . . [t]here have been no instances. We've been getting very good data. . . ." available

at http://transportation.house.gov/calendar/eventsingle.aspx?EventID=398705

² President Barack Obama: "Statement of Administration Policy: H.R. 897 - Reducing Regulatory Burdens Act of 2015," May 23, 2016. Online by Gerhard Peters and John T. Woolley, The American Presidency Project, *available at http://www.presidency.ucsb.edu/ws/?pid=117996*.

other human health threats. The Pesticide General Permit at issue already allows for spraying to combat vector-borne diseases such as Zika and the West Nile virus. According to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the permit "provides that pesticide applications are covered <u>automatically</u> under the permit and may be performed <u>immediately</u> for any declared emergency pest situations" (emphasis added).³

Further, the Clean Water Act has no significant effect on farming practices. The Pesticide General Permit in no way affects land applications of pesticides for the purpose of controlling pests (that is, spraying that doesn't discharge into water bodies). Irrigation return flows and agricultural stormwater runoff do not require permits, even when they contain pesticides. Existing agricultural exemptions in the Clean Water Act remain.

Repealing the Pesticide General Permit – as this damaging legislation seeks to do – would allow pesticides to be discharged into water bodies without any meaningful oversight since the federal pesticide registration law (the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA)) does not require tracking of such applications.

Now that the Pesticide General Permit is in place, the public is finally getting information that they couldn't obtain before about the types of pesticides being sprayed or discharged into local bodies of water. All across the country, pesticide applicators are complying with the Pesticide General Permit to protect water quality without issue.

The Pesticide General Permit simply lays out commonsense practices for applying pesticides directly to waters that currently fall under the jurisdiction of the Clean Water Act. Efforts to block this permit are highly controversial, as evidenced by the attached list of groups opposed.

Please protect the health of your state's citizens and all Americans by opposing H.R. 953.

Sincerely,

Earthjustice

League of Conservation Voters

Natural Resources Defense Council

Center for Biological Diversity

Sierra Club

Alliance of Nurses for Healthy Environments

American Sustainable Business Council

National Family Farm Coalition

Waterkeeper Alliance

Clean Water Action

Environment America

Pacific Coast Federation of Fishermen's Associations

American Rivers

Southern Environmental Law Center

Defenders of Wildlife

_

³ U.S. Envtl. Prot. Agency, Pesticide General Permit Factsheet: Mosquito Control Activities, *available at* http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/pgp_factsheet_mosquitocontrol.pdf

Friends of the Earth U.S.

Environmental Working Group

Northwest Center for Alternatives to Pesticides

Alabama Rivers Alliance

Beyond Pesticides

Beyond Toxics

Cahaba River Society

Center for Food Safety

Defend H2O

Endangered Habitats League

Endangered Species Coalition

Environmental Protection Information Center

Gulf Restoration Network

Illinois Council of Trout Unlimited Kentucky

Waterways Alliance

Klamath Forest Alliance

Laurie M. Tisch Center for Food, Education & Policy,

Program in Nutrition, Teachers College Columbia University

Ohio Valley Environmental Coalition

Oregon Environmental Council

Prairie Rivers Network

Pesticide Action Network North America

PolicyLink

San Francisco Baykeeper

Save The River / Upper St. Lawrence Riverkeeper

The Environmental Justice Leadership Forum on Climate Change

The Good Food Institute

Toxic Free NC

Turtle Island Restoration Network

WE ACT for Environmental Justice

WildEarth Guardians